

Radomsky: Training: OSHA versus MSHA—10/30/18

Agency	OSHA	MSHA	NOTES: OSHA/MSHA
Authority	OSH ACT of 1970	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Coal Mine Safety Act of 1969* • FMSHA of 1977 • Miner Act of 2006 <p>*Federal Statutes range from 1891-2006</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Before 1970? • 1973-74? UMWA contract included training agreement
Mission	"...to assure safe and healthful working conditions for working men and women by setting and enforcing standards and by providing training , outreach, education and assistance."	<p>"...works to prevent death, illness, and injury from mining and promote safe and healthful workplaces for U.S. miners.</p> <p>Develops and enforces safety rules.</p> <p>Provides technical, educational and other types of assistance</p> <p>Work cooperatively with industry, labor, other fed. & other state agencies to improve safety conditions for all miners.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • MSHA does not use any voluntary programs like Sharps, VPP, Except for FMSHA authorized E & T, Assistance to States (State Grants Program); do cooperate closely with NIOSH • ~2,000 inspectors; <1,000 inspectors • Budget \$553 Mil; \$375 Mil
Outreach To Industry	Training regulations and resources, Training, OTI (outreach training program), training grant	Cooperative Training Programs; Educational Field & Small Mine Service; Holmes Safety Association; Brookwood-Sago	115-130 Mil employees, 7.2-8 Mil Workplaces; ~12,500 non-coal, & 1,200 coal mines; 321K miners
Training	<p>29 CFR 1910 Subpart E through L, N, O, R, Q, S, T, Z Maritime 29CFR 1915 Shipyard Subpart A-Z; 29 CFR 1917 Terminals Subpart A, B, C, D, G 29CFR 1918 Longshoring Subpart A, H, I</p> <p>Construction 29 CFR 1910, Subpart B Adoption...29 CFR 1926 Subpart C-F, G, I, K, J; L-CC; Agriculture...</p>	Comprehensive and mandatory for all miners (anyone who works at a mine). Training for certified and qualified miners; training programs required for Noise Exposure and HAZCom	Part 48 and 46 each require up to five types of training: New Miner Task Newly Hired Experienced Annual Refresher Site-specific Hazard

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Enforcement	Imminent danger situations Severe injuries and illnesses Worker complaints Referrals Targeted inspections Follow-up	4X per year for all underground operations 2X per year for all surface operations, as well as: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Imminent danger • Worker complaints • Follow-up • Accidents 	Miners have many rights under the FMSHA, and therefore MSHA also responds to complaints, imminent danger, all fatalities, and conducts targeted inspections and follow-ups

OSH ACT

“To assure safe and healthful working conditions for working men and women; by authorizing enforcement of the standards developed under the Act; by assisting and encouraging the States in their efforts to assure safe and healthful working conditions; by providing for research, information, education, and training in the field of occupational safety and health.”

FMSHA

“to provide for the protection of the health and safety of persons working in the coal mining industry of the United States, and for other purposes.”